

DEVELOPMENT NO.:	21004823
APPLICANT:	Steve Perry
ADDRESS:	34 GORDON STREET, GLENELG SA 5045
NATURE OF DEVELOPMENT:	Dwelling addition in the form of a balcony extending from the rear elevation of the existing dwelling with verandah below and verandah in rear yard
ZONING INFORMATION:	<p>Zones:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Established Neighbourhood <p>Overlays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Airport Building Heights (Regulated) • Affordable Housing • Building Near Airfields • Character Area • Hazards (Flooding) • Heritage Adjacency • Hazards (Flooding - General) • Prescribed Wells Area • Regulated and Significant Tree • Stormwater Management • Traffic Generating Development • Urban Tree Canopy <p>Technical Numeric Variations (TNVs):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum Frontage • Minimum Site Area • Maximum Building Height (Levels)
LODGEMENT DATE:	13 May 2022
RELEVANT AUTHORITY:	Assessment panel
PLANNING & DESIGN CODE VERSION:	31 March 2022 2022.6
CATEGORY OF DEVELOPMENT:	Code Assessed - Performance Assessed
NOTIFICATION:	Yes
RECOMMENDING OFFICER:	Dean Spasic Development Officer - Planning
REFERRALS STATUTORY:	N/A
REFERRALS NON-STATUTORY:	N/A

CONTENTS:

APPENDIX 1:	Relevant P&D Code Policies	ATTACHMENT 2:	Representations
ATTACHMENT 1:	Application Documents	ATTACHMENT 3:	Response to Representations

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:

The two storey dwelling currently has a verandah attached to the rear elevation and extending out to the swimming pool.

The proposal seeks to remove the existing verandah and replace with a verandah in the same position, which has a balcony above, which will be accessible from the rear upper level elevation. A 1.7 metre high screen is proposed on the southern elevation to ensure the visual privacy of the southern neighbouring property is not compromised.

A free standing verandah is also proposed in the rear yard, which simply extends between an existing verandah and a garage. The verandah is only 1 metre wide and proposed to be built over a path.

SUBJECT LAND & LOCALITY:**Site Description:**

Location reference: 34 GORDON ST GLENELG SA 5045

Title ref.: CT 5359/297 **Plan Parcel:** F6530 AL95 **Council:** CITY OF HOLDFAST BAY

The site is located within the Established Neighbourhood Zone and Glenelg Character Area, which predominately comprises built form from the 1840s to 1930s, including low scale cottages and bungalows from the Victorian and Inter-War Periods. Building characteristics typically include a high degree of modulation and articulation, low scale, steep roof pitches, fine grain details, high solid to void ratios and vertical proportions to windows and doors.

The site is located adjacent to a few Local Heritage Places, including immediately north at 36 Gordon Street, across the road at number 43 Gordon Street, and to the south at 28 and 14 Augusta Street. The proposed works are located at the rear of the dwelling and reflect low scale built form, therefore will not dominate, encroach or unduly impact on the setting of the Local or State Heritage Places.

Locality

The subject site contains a two storey detached dwelling with numerous domestic structures in the rear yard including two verandahs and a garage, and a swimming pool.

The following photo demonstrates the location of the proposed balcony and verandah structure (to replace the existing verandah):



Given the development concerns building works at the rear of the site, the locality for the purpose of this assessment, is limited to the properties immediately to the north, east and south. As per the information below, there are a number of existing buildings and mature vegetation, which will effectively obstruct the view of the proposed structures from neighbouring properties, which in turn, ensures that visual privacy from the balcony is achieved.

The yellow outlines the extent of the relevant locality relative to the proposed development.

The pink outlines demonstrate the location of the proposed building works.

The red outlines the location of the representors properties:



CONSENT TYPE REQUIRED:

Planning Consent

CATEGORY OF DEVELOPMENT:

- **PER ELEMENT:** Verandah: Accepted
Dwelling alteration or addition
Dwelling addition: Code Assessed - Performance Assessed
- **OVERALL APPLICATION CATEGORY:**
Code Assessed - Performance Assessed
- **REASON**
P&D Code; comprises two levels in a Zone that is limited to 1 level

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION

REASON

Building over 1 level

Summary of Representors			
Address of Representor	Position	Wish to be heard	Concerns
36 Gordon Street, Glenelg	Support the proposal with concerns	Yes	Visual privacy
23 Rose Street, Glenelg	Support the proposal with concerns	Yes	Visual privacy

SUMMARY

The applicant provided a reply, by way of demonstrating with photos from the floor level of the proposed balcony that no overlooking will occur into the northern, eastern or south eastern adjacent properties due to the presence of existing buildings and mature vegetation, as highlighted below:





INTERNAL REFERRALS

N/A

PLANNING ASSESSMENT

The application has been assessed against the relevant provisions of the Planning & Design Code, which are contained in Appendix One.

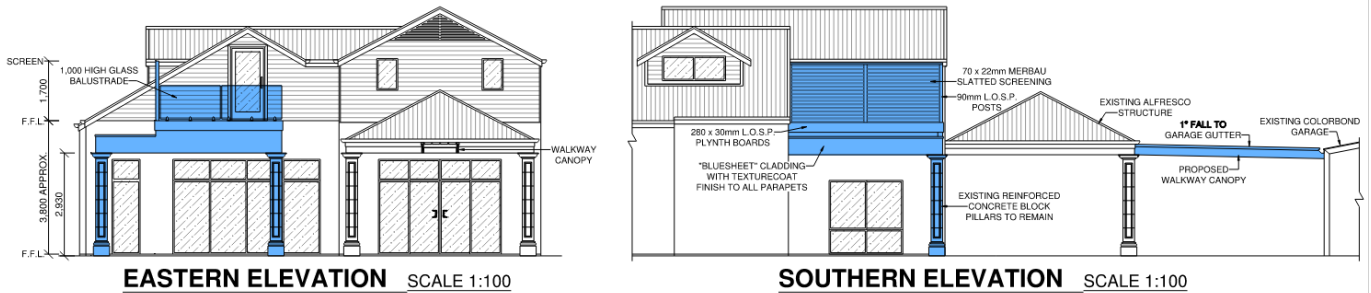
	Proposed	DPF Requirement	Achieved
Site Area	746 square metres (existing)	N/A	N/A
Building Height	Two storey (existing)	Single storey	No
Front Setback	N/A	N/A	N/A
Rear Setback	15.5 metres	6 metres	Yes
Side Setbacks	2.1 metres to the southern boundary	2.7 metres	No
Site Coverage	55%	50%	Yes
Private Open Space	180 square metres	Minimum 60 percent	Yes
Soft Landscaping	90 square metres (existing)	90 square metres (existing)	Yes
Visual Privacy	1.7m high Screening to southern elevation. No overlooking from eastern elevation (as per photos in Attachment 3)	1.5m screening to avoid overlooking	Yes

Built Form and Height

The proposed verandah and balcony structure visually presents as a simple open-sided, flat roofed structure save for the inclusion of clear glass balustrade on the eastern elevation and a timber slat screen up to 1.7 metres in height on

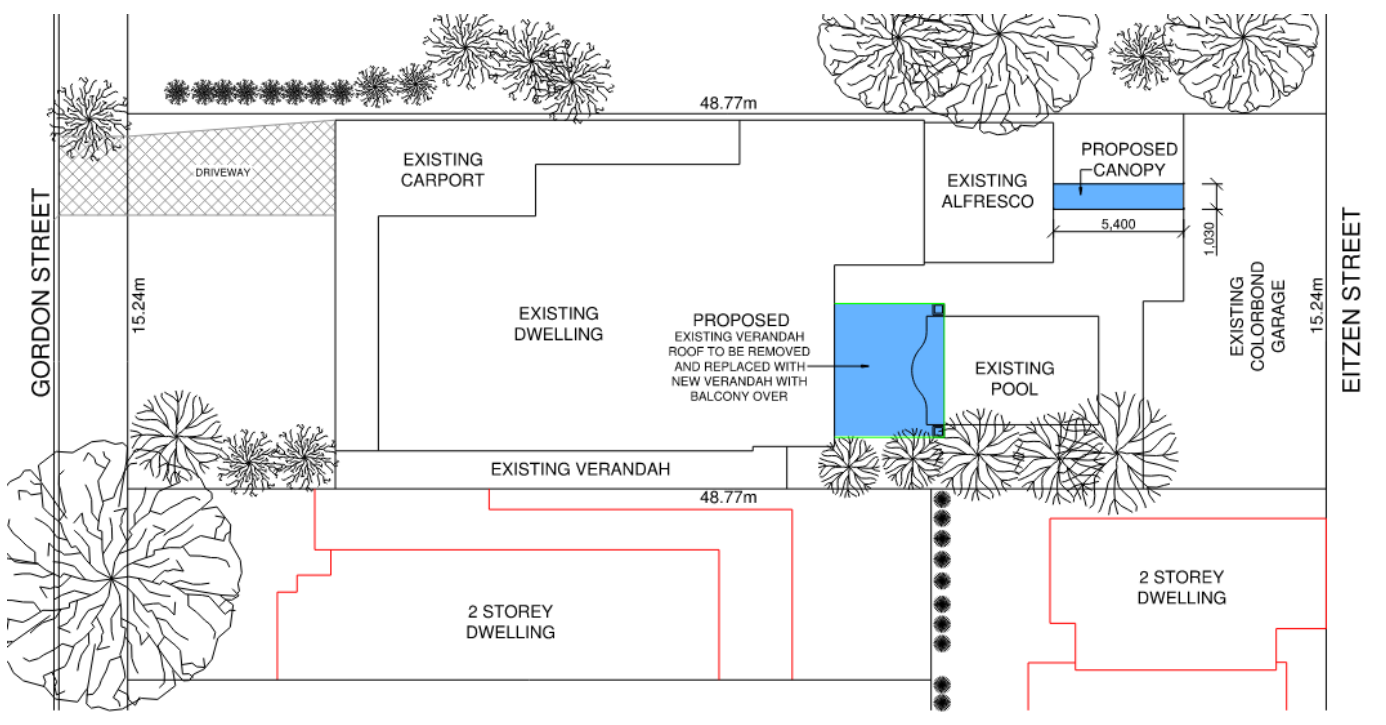
the southern elevation. When considering the appearance of the structure relative to the existing dwelling in which it is attached to, it is complementary and not visually dominant.

The other balcony is a simple flat roofed, open-sided structure only 1 metre wide and extending over an existing path between the other verandah and rear garage.



Boundary Setbacks

The verandah and balcony structure is located some 15.5 metres from the eastern rear boundary. The Design Code requires a minimum setback of 6 metres. It is located 2.1 metres from the southern rear boundary, which is 600mm short of the minimum requirement of 2.7 metres, based on the screen height being 5.5 metres high and adjacent to the southern side boundary. The 600mm setback variance however is considered negligible in that the balcony is adjacent to a row of mature palm trees, which currently overshadow the southern adjacent property, hence no additional adverse impacts with respect to overshadowing. Notwithstanding, Performance Outcome 8.1 *Side Boundary Setbacks* is achieved in that the proposed setback provides adequate separation between buildings in a way that complements the established neighbourhood character and does not compromise the existing level of access to natural light and ventilation for neighbours.



Visual Privacy

As per the photos presented above, and in Attachment 3, the existing nature of the subject site is such that the proposed balcony will not result in any overlooking into neighbouring properties, to the north, east and south-east. There are a series of existing roofs and mature vegetation which obstruct any views into neighbouring properties. A 1.7 metre high screen is proposed on the southern elevation to ensure the privacy of the southern adjacent property is maintained. The proposed screening comprises horizontal slats of 70mm in width with 30mm spacings, and conditioned accordingly.



CONCLUSION

The proposed development satisfies all relevant Design Code provisions except for a numerical shortfall with respect to the southern side boundary setback. As discussed above, the existing site characteristics are such that the relevant Performance Outcome 8.1 has been satisfied.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Council Assessment Panel resolve that:

1. Pursuant to Section 107(2)(c) of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016, and having undertaken an assessment of the application against the Planning and Design Code, the application is NOT seriously at variance with the provisions of the Planning and Design Code; and
2. Development Application Number 21004823, by Steve Perry is GRANTED Planning Consent subject to the following conditions:

CONDITIONS

Planning Consent

1. The development granted approval shall be undertaken and completed in accordance with the stamped plans and documentation, except where varied by conditions below (if any);
2. That a fixed, horizontal louvre screen comprising 70mm slats with minimum 30mm spacing that prevents direct views into the southern adjoining property shall be erected on the southern elevation of the balcony to a minimum height of 1.7metres with above the finished floor level prior to occupation.

ADVISORY NOTES**General Notes**

1. No work can commence on this development unless a Development Approval has been obtained. If one or more consents have been granted on this Decision Notification Form, you must not start any site works or building work or change of use of the land until you have received notification that Development Approval has been granted.
2. Appeal rights – General rights of review and appeal exist in relation to any assessment, request, direction or act of a relevant authority in relation to the determination of this application, including conditions.
3. This consent or approval will lapse at the expiration of 2 years from its operative date, subject to the below or subject to an extension having been granted by the relevant authority.
4. Where an approved development has been substantially commenced within 2 years from the operative date of approval, the approval will then lapse 3 years from the operative date of the approval (unless the development has been substantially or fully completed within those 3 years, in which case the approval will not lapse).
5. A decision of the Commission in respect of a development classified as restricted development in respect of which representations have been made under section 110 of the Act does not operate—
 - a. until the time within which any person who made any such representation may appeal against a decision to grant the development authorisation has expired; or
 - b. if an appeal is commenced—
 - i. until the appeal is dismissed, struck out or withdrawn; or
 - ii. until the questions raised by the appeal have been finally determined (other than any question as to costs).

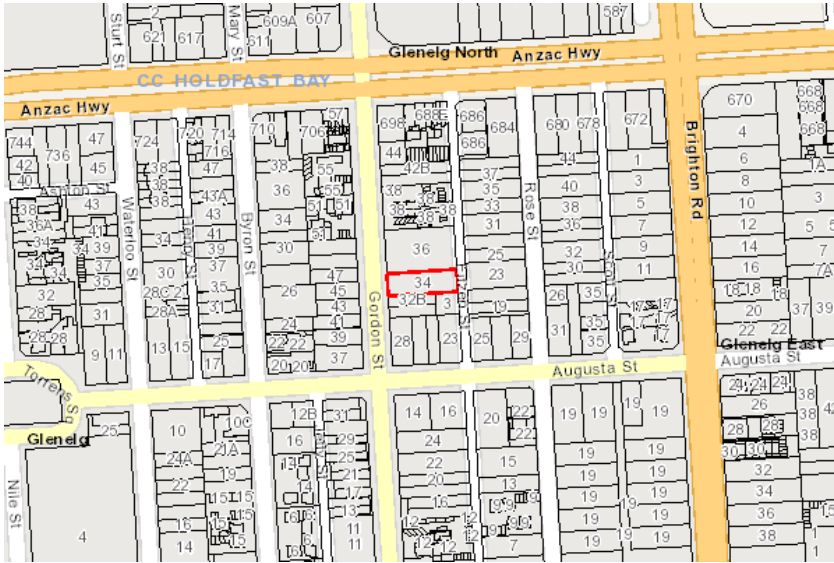
OFFICER MAKING RECOMMENDATION**Name:** Dean Spasic**Title:** Development Officer - Planning**Date:** 28/06/2022

34 GORDON ST GLENELG SA 5045

Address:

Click to view a detailed interactive [SAILIS](#) in SAILIS

To view a detailed interactive property map in SAPP click on the map below



Property Zoning Details

Local Variation (TNV)

Minimum Frontage (*Minimum frontage for a detached dwelling is 11m; semi-detached dwelling is 11m; row dwelling is 8m*)

Minimum Site Area (*Minimum site area for a detached dwelling is 350 sqm; semi-detached dwelling is 300 sqm; row dwelling is 250 sqm*)

Maximum Building Height (Levels) (*Maximum building height is 1 level*)

Overlay

Airport Building Heights (Regulated) (*All structures over 15 metres*)

Affordable Housing

Building Near Airfields

Character Area (*HoBC4*)

Hazards (Flooding)

Heritage Adjacency

Hazards (Flooding - General)

Prescribed Wells Area

Regulated and Significant Tree

Stormwater Management

Traffic Generating Development

Urban Tree Canopy

Zone

Established Neighbourhood

Selected Development(s)

Dwelling addition

This development may be subject to multiple assessment pathways. Please review the document below to determine which pathway may be applicable based on the proposed development compliances to standards.

If no assessment pathway is shown this mean the proposed development will default to performance assessed. Please contact your local council in this instance. Refer to Part 1 - Rules of Interpretation - Determination of Classes of Development

Property Policy Information for above selection

Part 2 - Zones and Sub Zones

Established Neighbourhood Zone

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	A neighbourhood that includes a range of housing types, with new buildings sympathetic to the predominant built form character and development patterns.
DO 2	Maintain the predominant streetscape character, having regard to key features such as roadside plantings, footpaths, front yards, and space between crossovers.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed to Satisfy (DTS) / Designated Performance Feature (DPF) Criteria

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature		
Site coverage			
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Building footprints are consistent with the character and pattern of the neighbourhood and provide sufficient space around buildings to limit visual impact, provide an attractive outlook and access to light and ventilation.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>Development does not result in site coverage exceeding:</p> <p>In instances where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) no value is returned (i.e. there is a blank field), then a maximum 50% site coverage applies (b) more than one value is returned in the same field, refer to the Site Coverage Technical and Numeric Variation layer in the SA planning database to determine the applicable value relevant to the site of the proposed development. 		
Building Height			
<p>PO 4.1</p> <p>Buildings contribute to the prevailing character of the neighbourhood and complements the height of nearby buildings.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.1</p> <p>Building height (excluding garages, carports and outbuildings) is no greater than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the following: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Maximum Building Height (Levels)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Maximum building height is 1 level</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> (b) in all other cases (i.e. there are blank fields for both maximum building height (metres) and maximum building height (levels)) - 2 building levels up to a height of 9m. <p>In relation to DTS/DPF 4.1, in instances where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (c) more than one value is returned in the same field, refer 	Maximum Building Height (Levels)	Maximum building height is 1 level
Maximum Building Height (Levels)			
Maximum building height is 1 level			

	<p>to the <i>Maximum Building Height (Levels) Technical and Numeric Variation layer or Maximum Building Height (Meters) Technical and Numeric Variation layer</i> in the SA planning database to determine the applicable value relevant to the site of the proposed development.</p> <p>(d) only one value is returned for DTS/DPF 4.1(a) (i.e. there is one blank field), then the relevant height in metres or building levels applies with no criteria for the other.</p>
<p>PO 4.2</p> <p>Additions and alterations do not adversely impact on the streetscape character.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 4.2</p> <p>Additions and alterations:</p> <p>(a) are fully contained within the roof space of a building with no external alterations made to the building elevation facing the primary street</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) meet all of the following:</p> <p>(i) do not include any development forward of the front façade building line</p> <p>(ii) where including a second or subsequent building level addition, does not project beyond a 45 degree angle measured from ground level at the building line of the existing building.</p>
<p>Secondary Street Setback</p>	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Buildings are set back from secondary street boundaries (not being a rear laneway) to maintain the established pattern of separation between buildings and public streets and reinforce streetscape character.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>Building walls are set back from the secondary street boundary (other than a rear laneway):</p> <p>(a) no less than:</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) 900mm, whichever is greater</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) if a dwelling on any adjoining allotment is closer to the secondary street, the distance of that dwelling from the boundary with the secondary street.</p> <p>In instances where no value is returned in DTS/DPF 6.1(a) (i.e. there is a blank field), then it is taken that the value for DTS/DPF 6.1(a) is zero.</p>
<p>Boundary Walls</p>	
<p>PO 7.1</p> <p>Dwelling boundary walls are limited in height and length to manage visual and overshadowing impacts on adjoining properties.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.1</p> <p>Dwellings do not incorporate side boundary walls where a side boundary setback value is returned in (a) below:</p> <p>(a)</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) where no side boundary setback value is returned in (a) above, and except where the dwelling is located on a central site within a row dwelling or terrace</p>

	<p>arrangement, side boundary walls occur only on one side boundary and satisfy (i) or (ii) below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) side boundary walls adjoin or abut a boundary wall of a building on adjoining land for the same or lesser length and height (ii) side boundary walls do not: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. exceed 3.2m in height from the lower of the natural or finished ground level B. exceed 8m in length C. when combined with other walls on the boundary of the subject development site, exceed a maximum 45% of the length of the boundary D. encroach within 3m of any other existing or proposed boundary walls on the subject land.
<p>PO 7.2</p> <p>Dwellings in a semi-detached, row or terrace arrangement maintain space between buildings consistent with a low density suburban streetscape character.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 7.2</p> <p>Dwellings in a semi-detached, row or terrace arrangement are setback from side boundaries shared with allotments outside the development site at least the minimum distance identified in Established Neighbourhood Zone DTS/DPF 8.1.</p>
<p>Side Boundary Setback</p>	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Buildings are set back from side boundaries to provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) separation between buildings in a way that complements the established character of the locality (b) access to natural light and ventilation for neighbours. 	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>Other than walls located on a side boundary in accordance with Established Neighbourhood Zone DTS/DPF 7.1, building walls are set back from the side boundary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) no less than: (b) in all other cases (i.e. there is a blank field), then: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) at least 900mm where the wall is up to 3m (ii) other than for a south facing wall, at least 900mm plus 1/3 of the wall height above 3m (iii) at least 1.9m plus 1/3 of the wall height above 3m for south facing walls.
<p>Rear Boundary Setback</p>	
<p>PO 9.1</p> <p>Buildings are set back from rear boundaries to provide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) separation between dwellings in a way that complements the established character of the locality (b) access to natural light and ventilation for neighbours (c) private open space (d) space for landscaping and vegetation. 	<p>DTS/DPF 9.1</p> <p>Other than in relation to an access lane way, buildings are set back from the rear boundary at least:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 4m for the first building level (b) 6m for any second building level.
<p>Appearance</p>	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Garages and carports are designed and sited to be discrete and not dominate the appearance of the associated dwelling when viewed from the street.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Garages and carports facing a street (other than an access lane way):</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are set back at least 0.5m behind the building line of the associated dwelling (b) are set back at least 5.5m from the boundary of the primary street (c) have a total garage door / opening width not exceeding 30% of the allotment or site frontage, to a maximum width of 7m.
<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>The appearance of development as viewed from public roads is sympathetic to the wall height, roof forms and roof pitches of the predominant housing stock in the locality.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

Table 5 - Procedural Matters (PM) - Notification

The following table identifies, pursuant to section 107(6) of the *Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016*, classes of performance assessed development that are excluded from notification. The table also identifies any exemptions to the placement of notices when notification is required.

Interpretation

Notification tables exclude the classes of development listed in Column A from notification provided that they do not fall within a corresponding exclusion prescribed in Column B.

Where a development or an element of a development falls within more than one class of development listed in Column A, it will be excluded from notification if it is excluded (in its entirety) under any of those classes of development. It need not be excluded under all applicable classes of development.

Where a development involves multiple performance assessed elements, all performance assessed elements will require notification (regardless of whether one or more elements are excluded in the applicable notification table) unless every performance assessed element of the application is excluded in the applicable notification table, in which case the application will not require notification.

Class of Development (Column A)	Exceptions (Column B)
1. Development which, in the opinion of the relevant authority, is of a minor nature only and will not unreasonably impact on the owners or occupiers of land in the locality of the site of the development.	None specified.
2. All development undertaken by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the South Australian Housing Trust either individually or jointly with other persons or bodies or (b) a provider registered under the Community Housing National Law participating in a program relating to the renewal of housing endorsed by the South Australian Housing Trust. 	<p>Except development involving any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. residential flat building(s) of 3 or more building levels 2. the demolition of a State or Local Heritage Place 3. the demolition of a building (except an ancillary building) in a Historic Area Overlay.
3. Any development involving any of the following (or of any combination of any of the following): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) air handling unit, air conditioning system or exhaust fan (b) ancillary accommodation (c) building work on railway land (d) carport 	<p>Except development that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. exceeds the maximum building height specified in Established Neighbourhood Zone DTS/DPF 4.1 or 2. involves a building wall (or structure) that is proposed to be situated on (or abut) an allotment boundary (not

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (e) deck (f) dwelling (g) dwelling addition (h) fence (i) outbuilding (j) pergola (k) private bushfire shelter (l) residential flat building (m) retaining wall (n) shade sail (o) solar photovoltaic panels (roof mounted) (p) swimming pool or spa pool (q) verandah (r) water tank. 	<p>being a boundary with a primary street or secondary street or an excluded boundary) and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the length of the proposed wall (or structure) exceeds 8m (other than where the proposed wall abuts an existing wall or structure of greater length on the adjoining allotment) or (b) the height of the proposed wall (or post height) exceeds 3.2m measured from the lower of the natural or finished ground level (other than where the proposed wall abuts an existing wall or structure of greater height on the adjoining allotment).
<p>4. Any development involving any of the following (or of any combination of any of the following):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) consulting room (b) office (c) shop. 	<p>Except development that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. does not satisfy Established Neighbourhood Zone DTS/DPF 1.2 or 2. exceeds the maximum building height specified in Established Neighbourhood Zone DTS/DPF 4.1 or 3. involves a building wall (or structure) that is proposed to be situated on (or abut) an allotment boundary (not being a boundary with a primary street or secondary street or an excluded boundary) and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the length of the proposed wall (or structure) exceeds 8m (other than where the proposed wall abuts an existing wall or structure of greater length on the adjoining allotment) or (b) the height of the proposed wall (or post height) exceeds 3.2m measured from the lower of the natural or finished ground level (other than where the proposed wall abuts an existing wall or structure of greater height on the adjoining allotment).
<p>5. Any of the following (or of any combination of any of the following):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) internal building works (b) land division (c) recreation area (d) replacement building (e) temporary accommodation in an area affected by bushfire (f) tree damaging activity. 	<p>None specified.</p>
<p>6. Demolition.</p>	<p>Except any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the demolition of a State or Local Heritage Place 2. the demolition of a building (except an ancillary building) in a Historic Area Overlay.

Placement of Notices - Exemptions for Performance Assessed Development
None specified.
Placement of Notices - Exemptions for Restricted Development
None specified.

Part 3 - Overlays

Airport Building Heights (Regulated) Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Management of potential impacts of buildings and generated emissions to maintain operational and safety requirements of registered and certified commercial and military airfields, airports, airstrips and helicopter landing sites.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Built Form	
PO 1.1 Building height does not pose a hazard to the operation of a certified or registered aerodrome.	DTS/DPF 1.1 Buildings are located outside the area identified as 'All structures' (no height limit is prescribed) and do not exceed the height specified in the Airport Building Heights (Regulated) Overlay which applies to the subject site as shown on the SA Property and Planning Atlas. In instances where more than one value applies to the site, the lowest value relevant to the site of the proposed development is applicable.

Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
Any of the following classes of development: (a) building located in an area identified as 'All structures' (no height limit is prescribed) or will exceed the height specified in the <i>Airport Building Heights (Regulated) Overlay</i> (b) building comprising exhaust stacks that generates plumes, or may cause plumes to be generated, above a	The airport-operator company for the relevant airport within the meaning of the <i>Airports Act 1996</i> of the Commonwealth or, if there is no airport-operator company, the Secretary of the Minister responsible for	To provide expert assessment and direction to the relevant authority on potential impacts on the safety and operation of aviation activities.	Development of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 1 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.

height specified in the <i>Airport Building Heights (Regulated) Overlay</i> .	the administration of the <i>Airports Act 1996</i> of the Commonwealth.		
---	---	--	--

Building Near Airfields Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Maintain the operational and safety requirements of certified commercial and military airfields, airports, airstrips and helicopter landing sites through management of non-residential lighting, turbulence and activities that may attract or result in the congregation of wildlife.

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
PO 1.3 Buildings are adequately separated from runways and other take-off and landing facilities within certified or registered aerodromes to minimise the potential for building-generated turbulence and windshear that may pose a safety hazard to aircraft flight movement.	DTS/DPF 1.3 The distance from any part of a runway centreline to the closest point of the building is not less than 35 times the building height.

Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

Character Area Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Valued streetscape characteristics and development patterns are reinforced through contextually responsive development, design and adaptive reuse that responds to the attributes expressed in the Character Area Statement.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
All Development	

<p>PO 1.1</p> <p>All development is undertaken having consideration to the valued attributes expressed in the Character Area Statement.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 1.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Built Form</p>	
<p>PO 2.1</p> <p>The form of new buildings and structures that are visible from the public realm are consistent with the valued streetscape characteristics of the character area.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.2</p> <p>Development is consistent with the prevailing building and wall heights in the character area.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.3</p> <p>Design and architectural detailing of street-facing buildings (including but not limited to roof pitch and form, openings, chimneys and verandahs) are consistent with the prevailing characteristics in the character area.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.4</p> <p>Development is consistent with the prevailing front and side boundary setback pattern in the character area.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 2.5</p> <p>Materials are either consistent with or complement those within the character area.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 2.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Alterations and Additions</p>	
<p>PO 3.1</p> <p>Additions and alterations do not adversely impact on the streetscape character.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.1</p> <p>Additions and alterations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are fully contained within the roof space of a building with no external alterations made to the building elevation facing the primary street or (b) meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) do not include any development forward of the front façade building line (ii) any side or rear extensions are no closer to the side boundary than the existing building (iii) do not involve the construction or alteration of a second or subsequent building level.
<p>PO 3.2</p> <p>Adaptive reuse and revitalisation of buildings to retain local character consistent with the Character Area Statement.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 3.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>Context and Streetscape Amenity</p>	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>The width of driveways and other vehicle access ways are consistent with the prevalent width of existing driveways in the</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

character area.	
PO 6.2 Development maintains the valued landscape pattern and characteristics that contribute to the character area, except where they compromise safety, create nuisance, or impact adversely on existing buildings or infrastructure.	DTS/DPF 6.2 None are applicable.

Character Area Statements

Statement#	Statement						
Character Areas affecting City of Holdfast Bay							
	<p>Glenelg Character Area Statement (HoB-C4)</p> <p>The Character Area Overlay identifies localities that comprise valued character attributes. They can be characterised by a consistent rhythm of allotment patterns, building setting and spacing, landscape or natural features and the scale, proportion and form of buildings and their key elements.</p> <p>These attributes have been identified in the below table. In some cases State and / or Local Heritage Places within the locality contribute to the attributes of a Character Area.</p> <p>The preparation of a Contextual Analysis can assist in determining potential additional attributes of a Character Area where these are not identified in the below table.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Eras, themes and context</td> <td> 1840s - 1930s. Earliest period of settlement of South Australia. Subdivision in 1839 by Light Finnis and Co. Growth period in 1920s associated with increase in holidaymaking and leisure pursuits. </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Allotments, subdivision and built form patterns</td> <td> Uniform street layout, an extension of the original Glenelg Village set out in 1839 by Colonel William Light. Rear laneways to service dwellings on Gordon and Rose Streets, and buildings on Brighton Road. Range allotment sizes. Medium to very large frontages. Small setbacks. Side setbacks provide visual spacing between dwellings. Consistency of setbacks in streetscapes. </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Architectural styles, detailing and built form features</td> <td> Early symmetrical and asymmetrical cottages of low scale and simple form with restrained detailing. Mid-Victorian Period cottages and villas (symmetrical and asymmetrical), semi-detached cottages and row dwellings with detailing typical of the era including verandahs, cast iron lacework, hipped and gable roof forms, plaster and render mouldings. Inter-War buildings, mostly Bungalows. Low scale to medium, relatively small dimensions and basic building details. Many dwellings without vehicle garaging. </td> </tr> </table>	Eras, themes and context	1840s - 1930s. Earliest period of settlement of South Australia. Subdivision in 1839 by Light Finnis and Co. Growth period in 1920s associated with increase in holidaymaking and leisure pursuits.	Allotments, subdivision and built form patterns	Uniform street layout, an extension of the original Glenelg Village set out in 1839 by Colonel William Light. Rear laneways to service dwellings on Gordon and Rose Streets, and buildings on Brighton Road. Range allotment sizes. Medium to very large frontages. Small setbacks. Side setbacks provide visual spacing between dwellings. Consistency of setbacks in streetscapes.	Architectural styles, detailing and built form features	Early symmetrical and asymmetrical cottages of low scale and simple form with restrained detailing. Mid-Victorian Period cottages and villas (symmetrical and asymmetrical), semi-detached cottages and row dwellings with detailing typical of the era including verandahs, cast iron lacework, hipped and gable roof forms, plaster and render mouldings. Inter-War buildings, mostly Bungalows. Low scale to medium, relatively small dimensions and basic building details. Many dwellings without vehicle garaging.
Eras, themes and context	1840s - 1930s. Earliest period of settlement of South Australia. Subdivision in 1839 by Light Finnis and Co. Growth period in 1920s associated with increase in holidaymaking and leisure pursuits.						
Allotments, subdivision and built form patterns	Uniform street layout, an extension of the original Glenelg Village set out in 1839 by Colonel William Light. Rear laneways to service dwellings on Gordon and Rose Streets, and buildings on Brighton Road. Range allotment sizes. Medium to very large frontages. Small setbacks. Side setbacks provide visual spacing between dwellings. Consistency of setbacks in streetscapes.						
Architectural styles, detailing and built form features	Early symmetrical and asymmetrical cottages of low scale and simple form with restrained detailing. Mid-Victorian Period cottages and villas (symmetrical and asymmetrical), semi-detached cottages and row dwellings with detailing typical of the era including verandahs, cast iron lacework, hipped and gable roof forms, plaster and render mouldings. Inter-War buildings, mostly Bungalows. Low scale to medium, relatively small dimensions and basic building details. Many dwellings without vehicle garaging.						

HoBC4		<p>Garages, carports and outbuildings, where they exist, are low in scale and simple in form. They are located unobtrusively, to the rear of dwellings or the principal building on the site or, alternatively to the side and well-setback from the front façade.</p> <p>Rectilinear plan forms.</p> <p>High degree of modulation and articulation.</p> <p>Low scale.</p> <p>Steep roof pitches in the order of 30 to 40 degrees (slightly lower on Inter-War buildings).</p> <p>Short roof spans.</p> <p>Hip and gable roof forms.</p> <p>Concave, bullnose and straight-pitched verandahs.</p> <p>Fine-grain detail in elements such as plinths, string courses, projecting sills.</p> <p>High solid to void ratio.</p> <p>Vertical proportions in windows and doors.</p> <p>Garages, carports and outbuildings are low in scale and generally located unobtrusively to the rear of dwellings or to the side, well set back from the front facade.</p>
	Building height	Predominantly single storey but some two storey.
	Materials	<p>Consistent with the materials used in the 1840s to 1930s period. Bluestone or sandstone walls (unpainted).</p> <p>Some brick.</p> <p>Brick or rendered quoin work and plinths.</p> <p>Corrugated iron roofing.</p> <p>Timber joinery including verandah posts and framing, fascia, barges, window frames, door frames and doors.</p>
	Fencing	<p>Fencing associated with the era and style of the building, and providing views to the building.</p> <p>Timber picket, timber dowel, timber paling.</p> <p>Hedging.</p> <p>Low masonry plinth with cast iron or wrought iron in a traditional arrangement.</p> <p>Woven wire or low masonry with or without geometric steel for Inter-war buildings.</p> <p>Cyclone wire and steel or timber frame.</p>
	Setting, landscaping, streetscape and public realm features	Clearly defined setbacks and uniform front landscaping.
	Representative Buildings	<i>[Not identified]</i>

Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

Hazards (Flooding) Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Impacts on people, property, infrastructure and the environment from high flood risk are minimised by retaining areas free from development, and minimising intensification where development has occurred.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Flood Resilience	
PO 3.1 Development avoids the need for flood protection works.	DTS/DPF 3.1 None are applicable.
PO 3.2 Development does not cause unacceptable impacts on any adjoining property by the diversion of flood waters or an increase in flood velocity or flood level.	DTS/DPF 3.2 None are applicable.
PO 3.3 Development does not impede the flow of floodwaters through the allotment or the surrounding land, or cause an unacceptable loss of flood storage.	DTS/DPF 3.3 None are applicable.
PO 3.4 Development avoids frequently flooded or high velocity areas, other than where it is part of a flood mitigation scheme to reduce flood impact.	DTS/DPF 3.4 Other than a recreation area, development is located outside of the 5% AEP principal flow path.
Environmental Protection	
PO 4.2 Development does not create or aggravate the potential for erosion or siltation or lead to the destruction of vegetation during a flood.	DTS/DPF 4.2 None are applicable.

Site Earthworks	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>The depth and extent of filling required to raise the finished floor level of a building does not cause unacceptable impact on any adjoining property by diversion of flood waters, an increase in flood velocity or flood level, or an unacceptable loss of flood storage.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 5.2</p> <p>Driveways, access tracks and parking areas are designed and constructed to minimise excavation and filling.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 5.2</p> <p>Filling for ancillary purposes:</p> <p>(a) does not exceed 300mm above existing ground level</p> <p>(b) is no more than 5m wide.</p>
Access	
<p>PO 6.1</p> <p>Development does not occur on land:</p> <p>(a) from which evacuation to areas not vulnerable to flood risk is not possible during a 1% AEP flood event</p> <p>(b) which cannot be accessed by emergency services vehicles or essential utility service vehicles during a 1% AEP flood event.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.1</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 6.2</p> <p>Access driveways and tracks to significant development (i.e. dwellings, places of work, etc.) consist of a safe, all-weather trafficable surface that is accessible during a 1% AEP flood event.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 6.2</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

Hazards (Flooding – General) Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Impacts on people, property, infrastructure and the environment from general flood risk are minimised through the appropriate siting and design of development.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Flood Resilience	
PO 2.1 Development is sited, designed and constructed to prevent the entry of floodwaters where the entry of flood waters is likely to result in undue damage to or compromise ongoing activities within buildings.	DTS/DPF 2.1 Habitable buildings, commercial and industrial buildings, and buildings used for animal keeping incorporate a finished ground and floor level not less than: In instances where no finished floor level value is specified, a building incorporates a finished floor level at least 300mm above the height of a 1% AEP flood event.

Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
None	None	None	None

Heritage Adjacency Overlay

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Development adjacent to State and Local Heritage Places maintains the heritage and cultural values of those Places.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Built Form	
PO 1.1 Development adjacent to a State or Local Heritage Place does not dominate, encroach on or unduly impact on the setting of the Place.	DTS/DPF 1.1 None are applicable.

Procedural Matters (PM) - Referrals

The following table identifies classes of development / activities that require referral in this Overlay and the applicable referral body. It sets out the purpose of the referral as well as the relevant statutory reference from Schedule 9 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017.

Class of Development / Activity	Referral Body	Purpose of Referral	Statutory Reference
Development that may materially affect the context of a State Heritage Place.	Minister responsible for the administration of the <i>Heritage Places Act 1993</i> .	To provide expert assessment and direction to the relevant authority on the potential impacts of development adjacent State Heritage Places.	Development of a class to which Schedule 9 clause 3 item 17 of the Planning, Development and Infrastructure (General) Regulations 2017 applies.

Part 4 - General Development Policies

Clearance from Overhead Powerlines

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Protection of human health and safety when undertaking development in the vicinity of overhead transmission powerlines.

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
PO 1.1 Buildings are adequately separated from aboveground powerlines to minimise potential hazard to people and property.	DTS/DPF 1.1 One of the following is satisfied: (a) a declaration is provided by or on behalf of the applicant to the effect that the proposal would not be contrary to the regulations prescribed for the purposes of section 86 of the <i>Electricity Act 1996</i> (b) there are no aboveground powerlines adjoining the site that are the subject of the proposed development.

Design in Urban Areas

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Development is: (a) contextual - by considering, recognising and carefully responding to its natural surroundings or built

	<p>environment and positively contributing to the character of the locality</p> <p>(b) durable - fit for purpose, adaptable and long lasting</p> <p>(c) inclusive - by integrating landscape design to optimise pedestrian and cyclist usability, privacy and equitable access and promoting the provision of quality spaces integrated with the public realm that can be used for access and recreation and help optimise security and safety both internally and within the public realm, for occupants and visitors</p> <p>(d) sustainable - by integrating sustainable techniques into the design and siting of development and landscaping to improve community health, urban heat, water management, environmental performance, biodiversity and local amenity and to minimise energy consumption.</p>
--	--

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
All Development	
Earthworks and sloping land	
<p>PO 8.1</p> <p>Development, including any associated driveways and access tracks, minimises the need for earthworks to limit disturbance to natural topography.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.1</p> <p>Development does not involve any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) excavation exceeding a vertical height of 1m (b) filling exceeding a vertical height of 1m (c) a total combined excavation and filling vertical height of 2m or more.
<p>PO 8.2</p> <p>Driveways and access tracks designed and constructed to allow safe and convenient access on sloping land.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.2</p> <p>Driveways and access tracks on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8) satisfy (a) and (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) do not have a gradient exceeding 25% (1-in-4) at any point along the driveway (b) are constructed with an all-weather trafficable surface.
<p>PO 8.3</p> <p>Driveways and access tracks on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) do not contribute to the instability of embankments and cuttings (b) provide level transition areas for the safe movement of people and goods to and from the development (c) are designed to integrate with the natural topography of the land. 	<p>DTS/DPF 8.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.4</p> <p>Development on sloping land (with a gradient exceeding 1 in 8) avoids the alteration of natural drainage lines and includes on site drainage systems to minimise erosion.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.4</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
<p>PO 8.5</p> <p>Development does not occur on land at risk of landslide or increase the potential for landslide or land surface instability.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 8.5</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>
Overlooking / Visual Privacy (low rise buildings)	

<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking from upper level windows to habitable rooms and private open spaces of adjoining residential uses in neighbourhood-type zones.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Upper level windows facing side or rear boundaries shared with a residential use in a neighbourhood-type zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) are permanently obscured to a height of 1.5m above finished floor level and are fixed or not capable of being opened more than 125mm (b) have sill heights greater than or equal to 1.5m above finished floor level (c) incorporate screening with a maximum of 25% openings, permanently fixed no more than 500mm from the window surface and sited adjacent to any part of the window less than 1.5 m above the finished floor level.
<p>PO 10.2</p> <p>Development mitigates direct overlooking from balconies to habitable rooms and private open space of adjoining residential uses in neighbourhood type zones.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.2</p> <p>One of the following is satisfied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the longest side of the balcony or terrace will face a public road, public road reserve or public reserve that is at least 15m wide in all places faced by the balcony or terrace or (b) all sides of balconies or terraces on upper building levels are permanently obscured by screening with a maximum 25% transparency/openings fixed to a minimum height of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 1.5m above finished floor level where the balcony is located at least 15 metres from the nearest habitable window of a dwelling on adjacent land or (ii) 1.7m above finished floor level in all other cases
<p>All residential development</p>	
<p>Outlook and Amenity</p>	
<p>PO 18.1</p> <p>Living rooms have an external outlook to provide a high standard of amenity for occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 18.1</p> <p>A living room of a dwelling incorporates a window with an external outlook of the street frontage, private open space, public open space, or waterfront areas.</p>
<p>Residential Development - Low Rise</p>	
<p>External appearance</p>	
<p>PO 20.3</p> <p>The visual mass of larger buildings is reduced when viewed from adjoining allotments or public streets.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 20.3</p> <p>None are applicable</p>
<p>Private Open Space</p>	
<p>PO 21.1</p> <p>Dwellings are provided with suitable sized areas of usable private open space to meet the needs of occupants.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 21.1</p> <p>Private open space is provided in accordance with Design in Urban Areas Table 1 - Private Open Space.</p>
<p>PO 21.2</p> <p>Private open space is positioned to provide convenient access from internal living areas.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 21.2</p> <p>Private open space is directly accessible from a habitable room.</p>

Landscaping											
<p>PO 22.1</p> <p>Soft landscaping is incorporated into development to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) minimise heat absorption and reflection (b) contribute shade and shelter (c) provide for stormwater infiltration and biodiversity (d) enhance the appearance of land and streetscapes. 	<p>DTS/DPF 22.1</p> <p>Residential development incorporates soft landscaping with a minimum dimension of 700mm provided in accordance with (a) and (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a total area as determined by the following table: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #003366; color: white;"> <th>Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m²)</th> <th>Minimum percentage of site</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><150</td> <td>10%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150-200</td> <td>15%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>>200-450</td> <td>20%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>>450</td> <td>25%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) at least 30% of any land between the primary street boundary and the primary building line. 	Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m ²)	Minimum percentage of site	<150	10%	150-200	15%	>200-450	20%	>450	25%
Dwelling site area (or in the case of residential flat building or group dwelling(s), average site area) (m ²)	Minimum percentage of site										
<150	10%										
150-200	15%										
>200-450	20%										
>450	25%										

Car parking, access and manoeuvrability	
---	--

<p>PO 23.1</p> <p>Enclosed car parking spaces are of dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.1</p> <p>Residential car parking spaces enclosed by fencing, walls or other structures have the following internal dimensions (separate from any waste storage area):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) single width car parking spaces: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a minimum length of 5.4m per space (ii) a minimum width of 3.0m (iii) a minimum garage door width of 2.4m (b) double width car parking spaces (side by side): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a minimum length of 5.4m (ii) a minimum width of 5.4m (iii) minimum garage door width of 2.4m per space.
<p>PO 23.2</p> <p>Uncovered car parking space are of dimensions to be functional, accessible and convenient.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.2</p> <p>Uncovered car parking spaces have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a minimum length of 5.4m (b) a minimum width of 2.4m (c) a minimum width between the centre line of the space and any fence, wall or other obstruction of 1.5m.
<p>PO 23.3</p> <p>Driveways and access points are located and designed to facilitate safe access and egress while maximising land available for street tree planting, domestic waste collection, landscaped street frontages and on-street parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.3</p> <p>Driveways and access points satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) sites with a frontage to a public road of 10m or less, have a width between 3.0 and 3.2 metres measured at the property boundary and are the only access point provided on the site

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (b) sites with a frontage to a public road greater than 10m: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) have a maximum width of 5m measured at the property boundary and are the only access point provided on the site; (ii) have a width between 3.0 metres and 3.2 metres measured at the property boundary and no more than two access points are provided on site, separated by no less than 1m.
<p>PO 23.4</p> <p>Vehicle access is safe, convenient, minimises interruption to the operation of public roads and does not interfere with street infrastructure or street trees.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.4</p> <p>Vehicle access to designated car parking spaces satisfy (a) or (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is provided via a lawfully existing or authorised access point or an access point for which consent has been granted as part of an application for the division of land (b) where newly proposed, is set back: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) 0.5m or more from any street furniture, street pole, infrastructure services pit, or other stormwater or utility infrastructure unless consent is provided from the asset owner (ii) 2m or more from the base of the trunk of a street tree unless consent is provided from the tree owner for a lesser distance (iii) 6m or more from the tangent point of an intersection of 2 or more roads (iv) outside of the marked lines or infrastructure dedicating a pedestrian crossing.
<p>PO 23.5</p> <p>Driveways are designed to enable safe and convenient vehicle movements from the public road to on-site parking spaces.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.5</p> <p>Driveways are designed and sited so that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the gradient from the place of access on the boundary of the allotment to the finished floor level at the front of the garage or carport is not steeper than 1-in-4 on average (b) they are aligned relative to the street so that there is no more than a 20 degree deviation from 90 degrees between the centreline of any dedicated car parking space to which it provides access (measured from the front of that space) and the road boundary. (c) if located so as to provide access from an alley, lane or right of way - the alley, lane or right of way is at least 6.2m wide along the boundary of the allotment / site
<p>PO 23.6</p> <p>Driveways and access points are designed and distributed to optimise the provision of on-street visitor parking.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 23.6</p> <p>Where on-street parking is available abutting the site's street frontage, on-street parking is retained in accordance with the following requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) minimum 0.33 on-street spaces per dwelling on the site (rounded up to the nearest whole number) (b) minimum car park length of 5.4m where a vehicle can enter or exit a space directly (c) minimum carpark length of 6m for an intermediate space located between two other parking spaces or to an end obstruction where the parking is indented.

Waste storage	
PO 24.1 Provision is made for the convenient storage of waste bins in a location screened from public view.	DTS/DPF 24.1 Where dwellings abut both side boundaries a waste bin storage area is provided behind the building line of each dwelling that: (a) has a minimum area of 2m ² with a minimum dimension of 900mm (separate from any designated car parking spaces or private open space); and (b) has a continuous unobstructed path of travel (excluding moveable objects like gates, vehicles and roller doors) with a minimum width of 800mm between the waste bin storage area and the street.

Table 1 - Private Open Space

Dwelling Type	Dwelling / Site Configuration	Minimum Rate
Dwelling (at ground level, other than a residential flat building that includes above ground dwellings)		Total private open space area: (a) Site area <301m ² : 24m ² located behind the building line. (b) Site area ≥ 301m ² : 60m ² located behind the building line. Minimum directly accessible from a living room: 16m ² / with a minimum dimension 3m.
Cabin or caravan (permanently fixed to the ground) in a residential park or caravan and tourist park		Total area: 16m ² , which may be uses as second car parking space, provided on each site intended for residential occupation.
Dwelling in a residential flat building or mixed use building which incorporate above ground level dwellings	Dwellings at ground level:	15m ² / minimum dimension 3m
	Dwellings above ground level:	
	Studio (no separate bedroom)	4m ² / minimum dimension 1.8m
	One bedroom dwelling	8m ² / minimum dimension 2.1m
	Two bedroom dwelling	11m ² / minimum dimension 2.4m
	Three + bedroom dwelling	15 m ² / minimum dimension 2.6m

Infrastructure and Renewable Energy Facilities

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Efficient provision of infrastructure networks and services, renewable energy facilities and ancillary development in a

	manner that minimises hazard, is environmentally and culturally sensitive and manages adverse visual impacts on natural and rural landscapes and residential amenity.
--	---

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Wastewater Services	
PO 12.2 Effluent drainage fields and other wastewater disposal areas are maintained to ensure the effective operation of waste systems and minimise risks to human health and the environment.	DTS/DPF 12.2 Development is not built on, or encroaches within, an area that is, or will be, required for a sewerage system or waste control system.

Interface between Land Uses

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	Development is located and designed to mitigate adverse effects on or from neighbouring and proximate land uses.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Overshadowing	
PO 3.1 Overshadowing of habitable room windows of adjacent residential land uses in: a. a neighbourhood-type zone is minimised to maintain access to direct winter sunlight b. other zones is managed to enable access to direct winter sunlight.	DTS/DPF 3.1 North-facing windows of habitable rooms of adjacent residential land uses in a neighbourhood-type zone receive at least 3 hours of direct sunlight between 9.00am and 3.00pm on 21 June.
PO 3.2 Overshadowing of the primary area of private open space or communal open space of adjacent residential land uses in: a. a neighbourhood type zone is minimised to maintain access to direct winter sunlight b. other zones is managed to enable access to direct winter sunlight.	DTS/DPF 3.2 Development maintains 2 hours of direct sunlight between 9.00 am and 3.00 pm on 21 June to adjacent residential land uses in a neighbourhood-type zone in accordance with the following: a. for ground level private open space, the smaller of the following: i. half the existing ground level open space or ii. 35m ² of the existing ground level open space (with at least one of the area's dimensions measuring 2.5m) b. for ground level communal open space, at least half of the

	existing ground level open space.
<p>PO 3.3</p> <p>Development does not unduly reduce the generating capacity of adjacent rooftop solar energy facilities taking into account:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the form of development contemplated in the zone (b) the orientation of the solar energy facilities (c) the extent to which the solar energy facilities are already overshadowed. 	<p>DTS/DPF 3.3</p> <p>None are applicable.</p>

Transport, Access and Parking

Assessment Provisions (AP)

Desired Outcome	
DO 1	A comprehensive, integrated and connected transport system that is safe, sustainable, efficient, convenient and accessible to all users.

Performance Outcomes (PO) and Deemed-to-Satisfy (DTS) Criteria / Designated Performance Feature (DPF)

Performance Outcome	Deemed-to-Satisfy Criteria / Designated Performance Feature
Vehicle Parking Rates	
<p>PO 5.1</p> <p>Sufficient on-site vehicle parking and specifically marked accessible car parking places are provided to meet the needs of the development or land use having regard to factors that may support a reduced on-site rate such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) availability of on-street car parking (b) shared use of other parking areas (c) in relation to a mixed-use development, where the hours of operation of commercial activities complement the residential use of the site, the provision of vehicle parking may be shared (d) the adaptive reuse of a State or Local Heritage Place. 	<p>DTS/DPF 5.1</p> <p>Development provides a number of car parking spaces on-site at a rate no less than the amount calculated using one of the following, whichever is relevant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Transport, Access and Parking Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements (b) Transport, Access and Parking Table 2 - Off-Street Vehicle Parking Requirements in Designated Areas (c) if located in an area where a lawfully established carparking fund operates, the number of spaces calculated under (a) or (b) less the number of spaces offset by contribution to the fund.
Corner Cut-Offs	
<p>PO 10.1</p> <p>Development is located and designed to ensure drivers can safely turn into and out of public road junctions.</p>	<p>DTS/DPF 10.1</p> <p>Development does not involve building work, or building work is located wholly outside the land shown as Corner Cut-Off Area in the following diagram:</p>

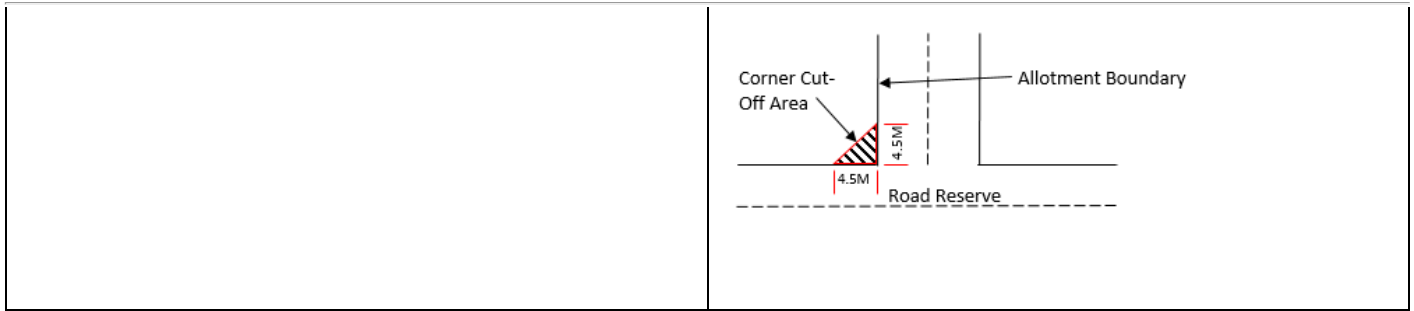


Table 1 - General Off-Street Car Parking Requirements

The following parking rates apply and if located in an area where a lawfully established carparking fund operates, the number of spaces is reduced by an amount equal to the number of spaces offset by contribution to the fund.

Class of Development	Car Parking Rate (unless varied by Table 2 onwards) Where a development comprises more than one development type, then the overall car parking rate will be taken to be the sum of the car parking rates for each development type.
Residential Development	
Detached Dwelling	Dwelling with 1 bedroom (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling. Dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
Group Dwelling	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling. Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered. 0.33 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking where development involves 3 or more dwellings.
Residential Flat Building	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling. Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered. 0.33 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking where development involves 3 or more dwellings.
Row Dwelling where vehicle access is from the primary street	Dwelling with 1 bedroom (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling. Dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
Row Dwelling where vehicle access is not from the primary street (i.e. rear-loaded)	Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling. Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
Semi-Detached Dwelling	Dwelling with 1 bedroom (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling. Dwelling with 2 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a

	bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling, 1 of which is to be covered.
Aged / Supported Accommodation	
Retirement village	<p>Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.</p> <p>Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling.</p> <p>0.2 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.</p>
Supported accommodation	0.3 spaces per bed.
Residential Development (Other)	
Ancillary accommodation	No additional requirements beyond those associated with the main dwelling.
Residential park	<p>Dwelling with 1 or 2 bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 1 space per dwelling.</p> <p>Dwelling with 3 or more bedrooms (including rooms capable of being used as a bedroom) - 2 spaces per dwelling.</p> <p>0.2 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.</p>
Student accommodation	0.3 spaces per bed.
Workers' accommodation	0.5 spaces per bed plus 0.2 spaces per bed for visitor parking.
Tourist	
Caravan park / tourist park	<p>Parks with 100 sites or less - a minimum of 1 space per 10 sites to be used for accommodation.</p> <p>Parks with more than 100 sites - a minimum of 1 space per 15 sites used for accommodation.</p> <p>A minimum of 1 space for every caravan (permanently fixed to the ground) or cabin.</p>
Tourist accommodation	1 car parking space per accommodation unit / guest room.
Commercial Uses	
Auction room/ depot	1 space per 100m ² of building floor area plus an additional 2 spaces.
Automotive collision repair	3 spaces per service bay.
Call centre	8 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.
Motor repair station	3 spaces per service bay.
Office	4 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.

Retail fuel outlet	3 spaces per 100m ² gross leasable floor area.
Service trade premises	2.5 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area 1 space per 100m ² of outdoor area used for display purposes.
Shop (no commercial kitchen)	5.5 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area where not located in an integrated complex containing two or more tenancies (and which may comprise more than one building) where facilities for off-street vehicle parking, vehicle loading and unloading, and the storage and collection of refuse are shared. 5 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area where located in an integrated complex containing two or more tenancies (and which may comprise more than one building) where facilities for off-street vehicle parking, vehicle loading and unloading, and the storage and collection of refuse are shared.
Shop (in the form of a bulky goods outlet)	2.5 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.
Shop (in the form of a restaurant or involving a commercial kitchen)	Premises with a dine-in service only (which may include a take-away component with no drive-through) - 0.4 spaces per seat. Premises with take-away service but with no seats - 12 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area plus a drive-through queue capacity of ten vehicles measured from the pick-up point. Premises with a dine-in and drive-through take-away service - 0.3 spaces per seat plus a drive through queue capacity of 10 vehicles measured from the pick-up point.
Community and Civic Uses	
Childcare centre	0.25 spaces per child
Library	4 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area.
Community facility	10 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area.
Hall / meeting hall	0.2 spaces per seat.
Place of worship	1 space for every 3 visitor seats.
Pre-school	1 per employee plus 0.25 per child (drop off/pick up bays)
Educational establishment	For a primary school - 1.1 space per full time equivalent employee plus 0.25 spaces per student for a pickup/set down area either on-site or on the public realm within 300m of the site. For a secondary school - 1.1 per full time equivalent employee plus 0.1 spaces per student for a pickup/set down area either on-site or on the public realm within 300m of the site.

	For a tertiary institution - 0.4 per student based on the maximum number of students on the site at any time.
Health Related Uses	
Hospital	4.5 spaces per bed for a public hospital. 1.5 spaces per bed for a private hospital.
Consulting room	4 spaces per consulting room excluding ancillary facilities.
Recreational and Entertainment Uses	
Cinema complex	0.2 spaces per seat.
Concert hall / theatre	0.2 spaces per seat.
Hotel	1 space for every 2m ² of total floor area in a public bar plus 1 space for every 6m ² of total floor area available to the public in a lounge, beer garden plus 1 space per 2 gaming machines, plus 1 space per 3 seats in a restaurant.
Indoor recreation facility	6.5 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area for a Fitness Centre 4.5 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area for all other Indoor recreation facilities.
Industry/Employment Uses	
Fuel depot	1.5 spaces per 100m ² total floor area 1 spaces per 100m ² of outdoor area used for fuel depot activity purposes.
Industry	1.5 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area.
Store	0.5 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area.
Timber yard	1.5 spaces per 100m ² of total floor area 1 space per 100m ² of outdoor area used for display purposes.
Warehouse	0.5 spaces per 100m ² total floor area.
Other Uses	
Funeral Parlour	1 space per 5 seats in the chapel plus 1 space for each vehicle operated by the parlour.
Radio or Television Station	5 spaces per 100m ² of total building floor area.

Table 2 - Off-Street Car Parking Requirements in Designated Areas

The following parking rates apply in any zone, subzone or other area described in the 'Designated Areas' column subject to the following:

- (a) the location of the development is unable to satisfy the requirements of Table 2 – Criteria (other than where a location is exempted from the application of those criteria)
- or
- (b) the development satisfies Table 2 – Criteria (or is exempt from those criteria) and is located in an area where a lawfully established carparking fund operates, in which case the number of spaces are reduced by an amount equal to the number of spaces offset by contribution to the fund.

Class of Development	Car Parking Rate		Designated Areas
	Minimum number of spaces	Maximum number of spaces	
<p>Where a development comprises more than one development type, then the overall car parking rate will be taken to be the sum of the car parking rates for each development type.</p>			
Development generally			
All classes of development	No minimum.	<p>No maximum except in the Primary Pedestrian Area identified in the Primary Pedestrian Area Concept Plan, where the maximum is:</p> <p>1 space for each dwelling with a total floor area less than 75 square metres</p> <p>2 spaces for each dwelling with a total floor area between 75 square metres and 150 square metres</p> <p>3 spaces for each dwelling with a total floor area greater than 150 square metres.</p> <p>Residential flat building or Residential component of a multi-storey building: 1 visitor space for each 6 dwellings.</p>	<p>Capital City Zone</p> <p>City Main Street Zone</p> <p>City Riverbank Zone</p> <p>Adelaide Park Lands Zone</p> <p>Business Neighbourhood Zone (within the City of Adelaide)</p> <p>The St Andrews Hospital Precinct Subzone and Women's and Children's Hospital Precinct Subzone of the Community Facilities Zone</p>
Non-residential development			
Non-residential development excluding tourist accommodation	3 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.	5 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.	<p>City Living Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Business) Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Living) Zone</p> <p>Urban Corridor (Main Street) Zone</p>

			Urban Neighbourhood Zone
Non-residential development excluding tourist accommodation	3 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.	6 spaces per 100m ² of gross leasable floor area.	Strategic Innovation Zone Suburban Activity Centre Zone Suburban Business Zone Business Neighbourhood Zone Suburban Main Street Zone Urban Activity Centre Zone
Tourist accommodation	1 space for every 4 bedrooms up to 100 bedrooms plus 1 space for every 5 bedrooms over 100 bedrooms	1 space per 2 bedrooms up to 100 bedrooms and 1 space per 4 bedrooms over 100 bedrooms	City Living Zone Urban Activity Centre Zone Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone Urban Corridor (Business) Zone Urban Corridor (Living) Zone Urban Corridor (Main Street) Zone Urban Neighbourhood Zone
Residential development			
Residential component of a multi-storey building	Dwelling with no separate bedroom -0.25 spaces per dwelling 1 bedroom dwelling - 0.75 spaces per dwelling 2 bedroom dwelling - 1 space per dwelling 3 or more bedroom dwelling - 1.25 spaces per dwelling 0.25 spaces per dwelling for visitor parking.	None specified.	City Living Zone Strategic Innovation Zone Urban Activity Centre Zone Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone Urban Corridor (Business) Zone Urban Corridor (Living) Zone Urban Corridor (Main Street) Zone Urban Neighbourhood Zone
Residential flat building	Dwelling with no separate bedroom -0.25 spaces per dwelling 1 bedroom dwelling - 0.75 spaces per dwelling 2 bedroom dwelling - 1 space per dwelling 3 or more bedroom dwelling - 1.25 spaces per dwelling 0.25 spaces per dwelling for	None specified.	City Living Zone Urban Activity Centre Zone Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone Urban Corridor (Business) Zone Urban Corridor (Living) Zone Urban Corridor (Main Street) Zone Urban Neighbourhood Zone

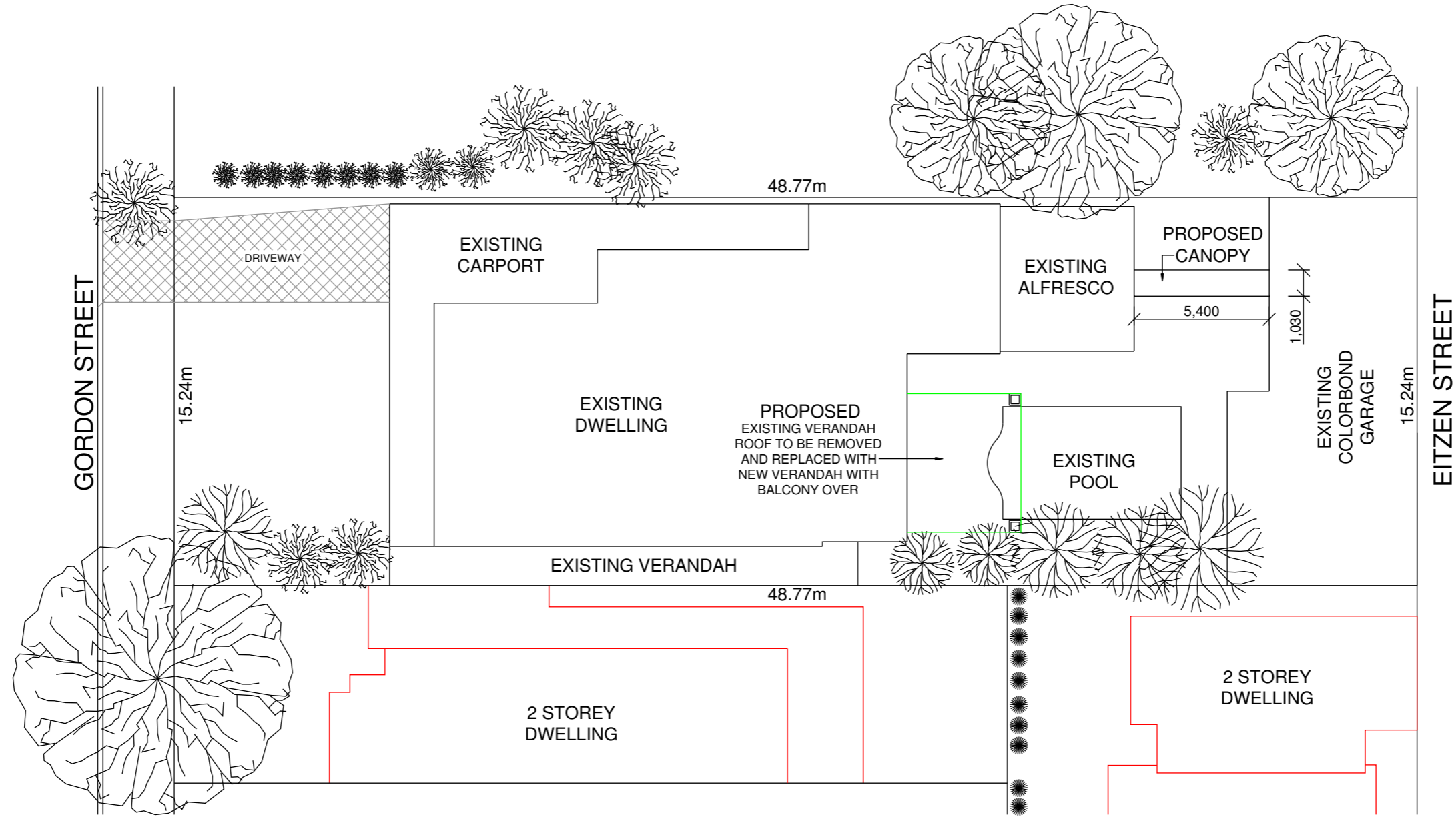
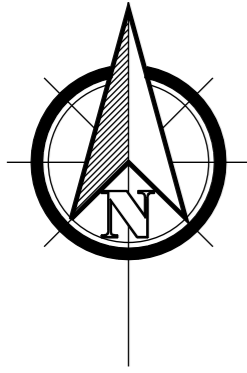
	visitor parking.		
--	------------------	--	--

Table 2 - Criteria:

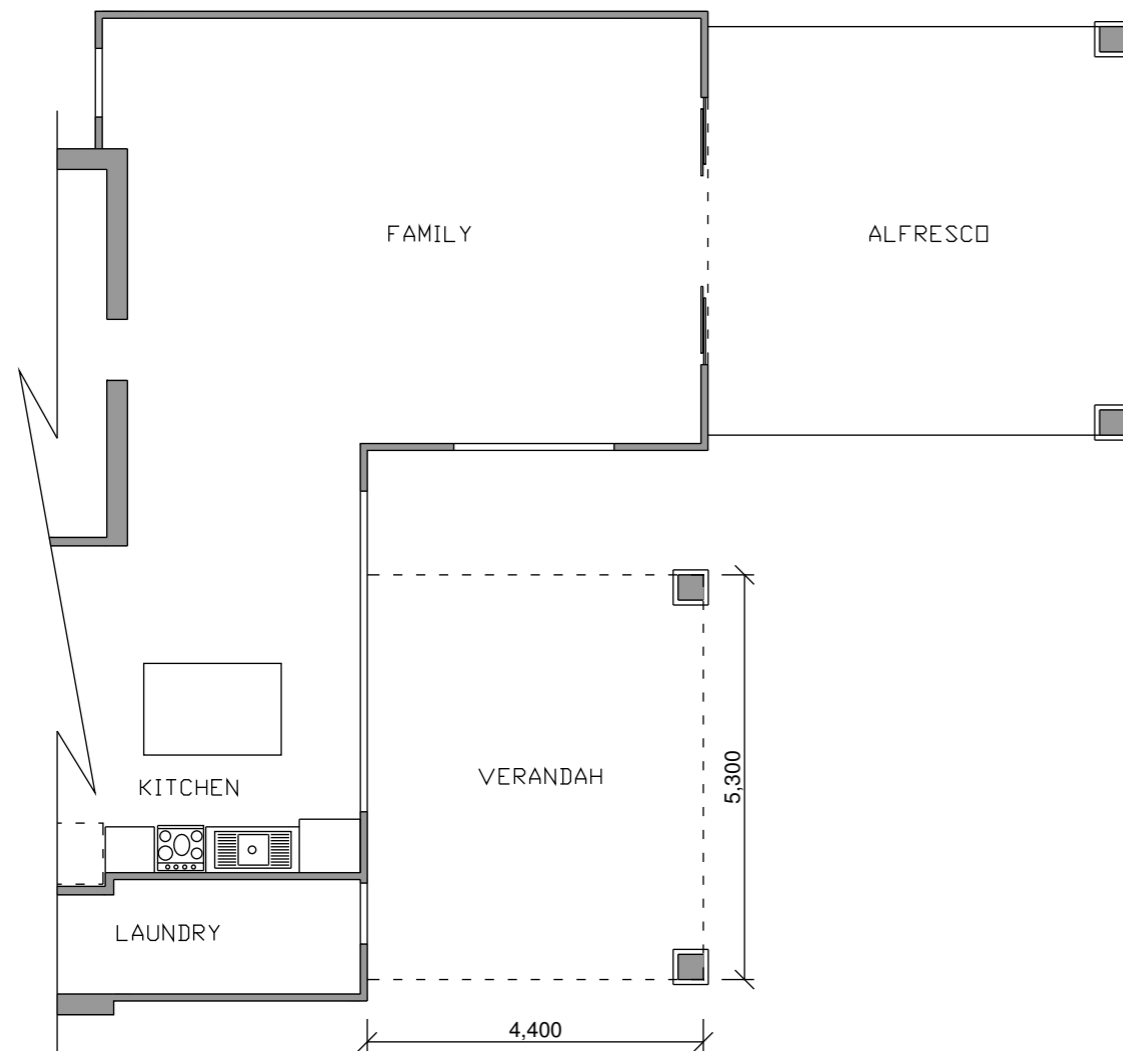
The following criteria are used in conjunction with Table 2. The 'Exception' column identifies locations where the criteria do not apply and the car parking rates in Table 2 are applicable.

Criteria	Exceptions
<p>The designated area is wholly located within Metropolitan Adelaide and any part of the development site satisfies one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) is within 200 metres of any section of road reserve along which a bus service operates as a high frequency public transit service⁽²⁾ (b) is within 400 metres of a bus interchange⁽¹⁾ (c) is within 400 metres of an O-Bahn interchange⁽¹⁾ (d) is within 400 metres of a passenger rail station⁽¹⁾ (e) is within 400 metres of a passenger tram station⁽¹⁾ (f) is within 400 metres of the Adelaide Parklands. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) All zones in the City of Adelaide (b) Strategic Innovation Zone in the following locations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) City of Burnside (ii) City of Marion (iii) City of Mitcham (c) Urban Corridor (Boulevard) Zone (d) Urban Corridor (Business) Zone (e) Urban Corridor (Living) Zone (f) Urban Corridor (Main Street) Zone (g) Urban Neighbourhood Zone

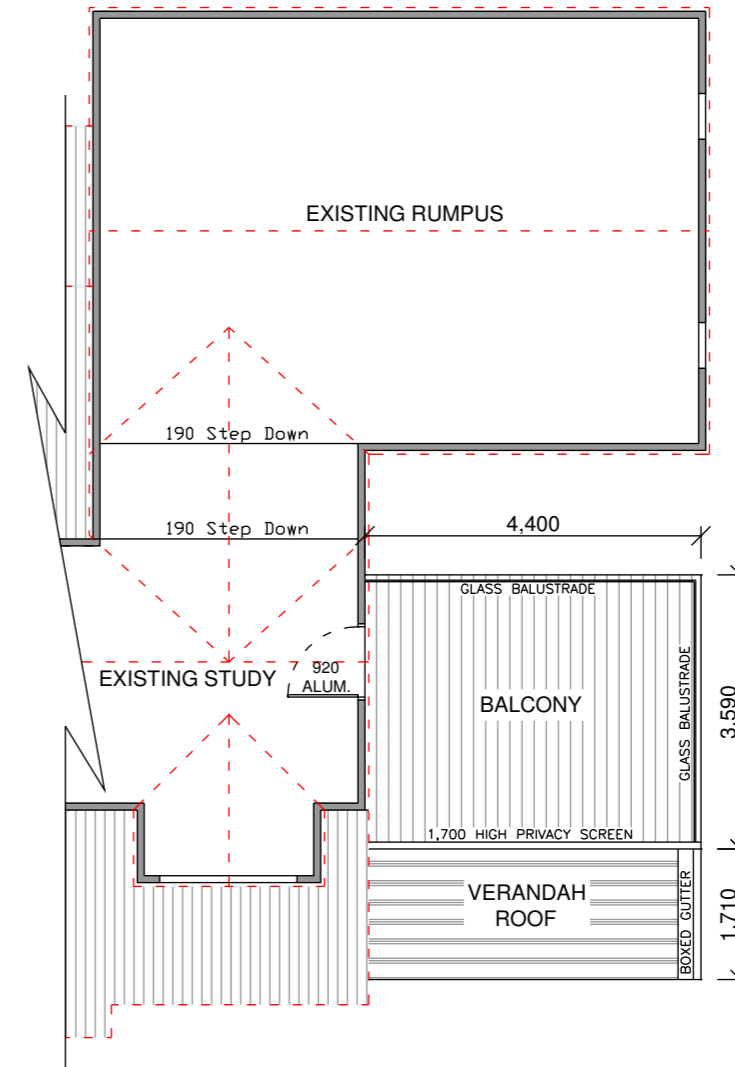
[NOTE(S): (1) Measured from an area that contains any platform(s), shelter(s) or stop(s) where people congregate for the purpose waiting to board a bus, tram or train, but does not include areas used for the parking of vehicles. (2) A high frequency public transit service is a route serviced every 15 minutes between 7.30am and 6.30pm Monday to Friday and every 30 minutes at night, Saturday, Sunday and public holidays until 10pm.]



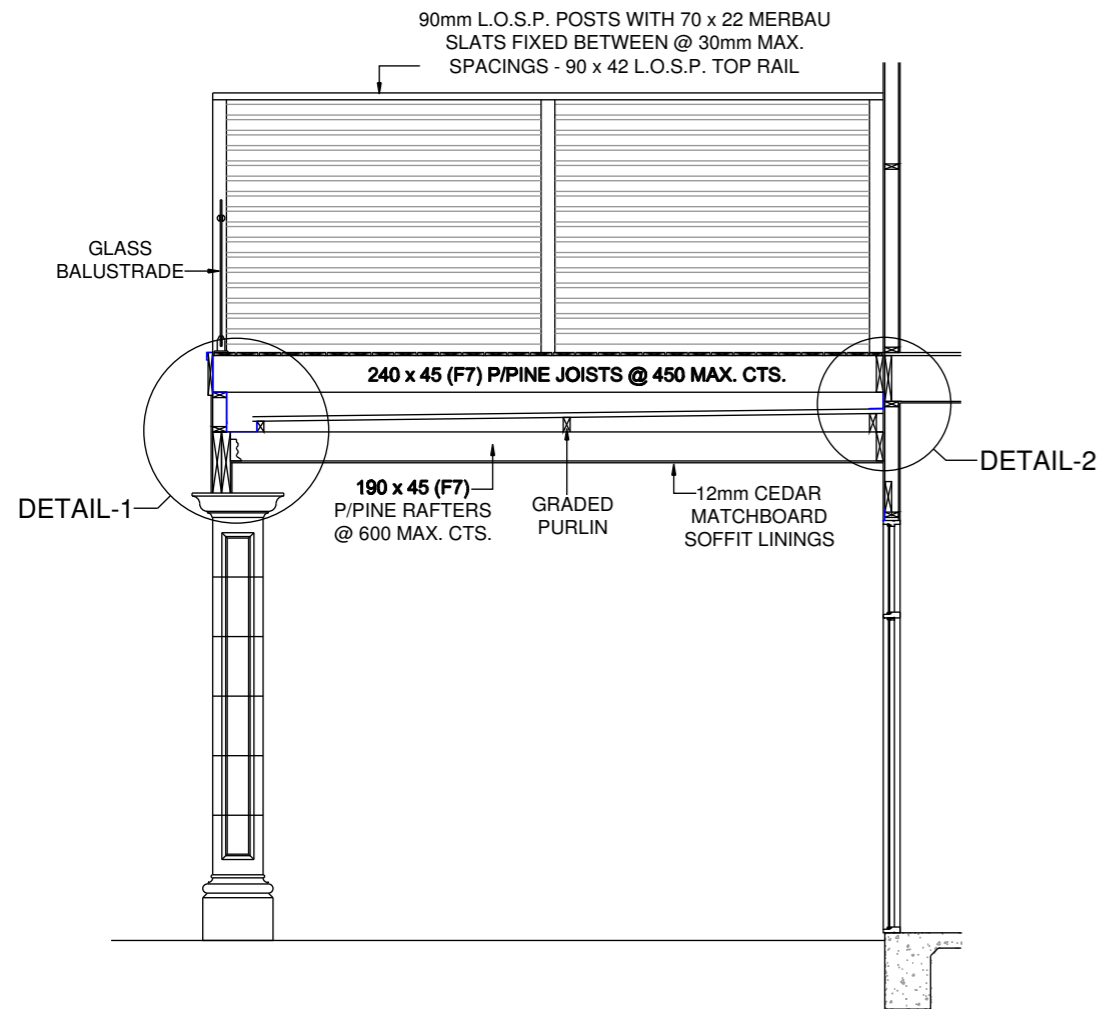
SITE PLAN



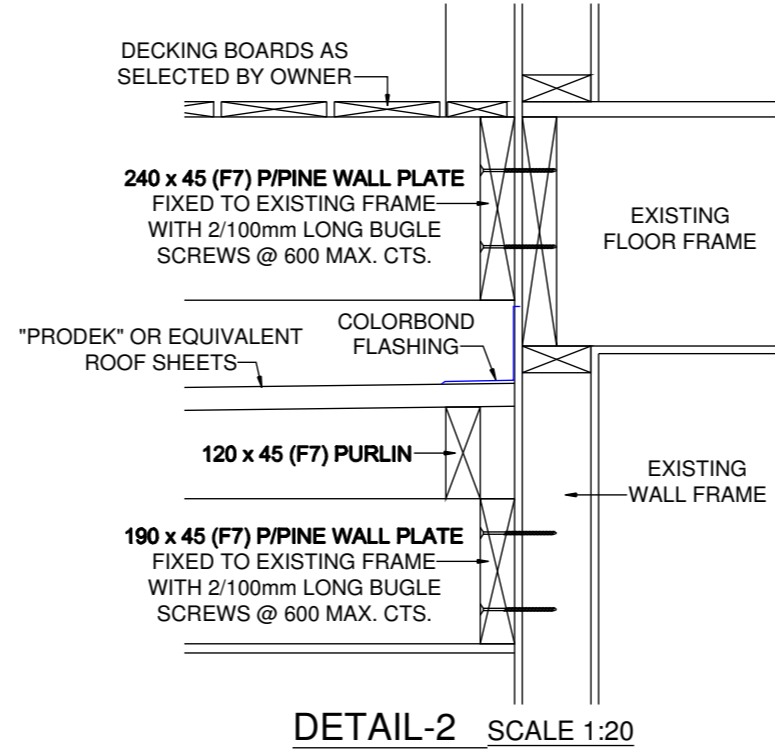
GROUND FLOOR PLAN



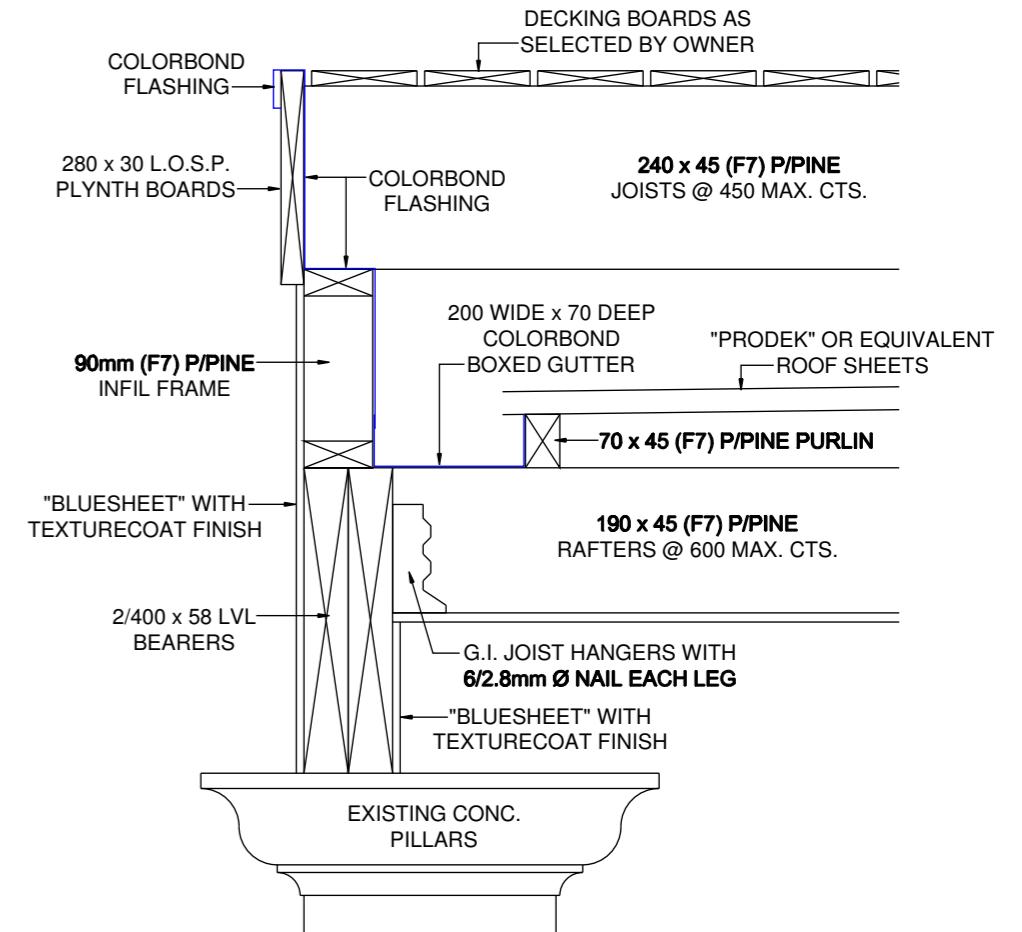
UPPER FLOOR PLAN



SECTION THRU BALCONY
SCALE 1:50



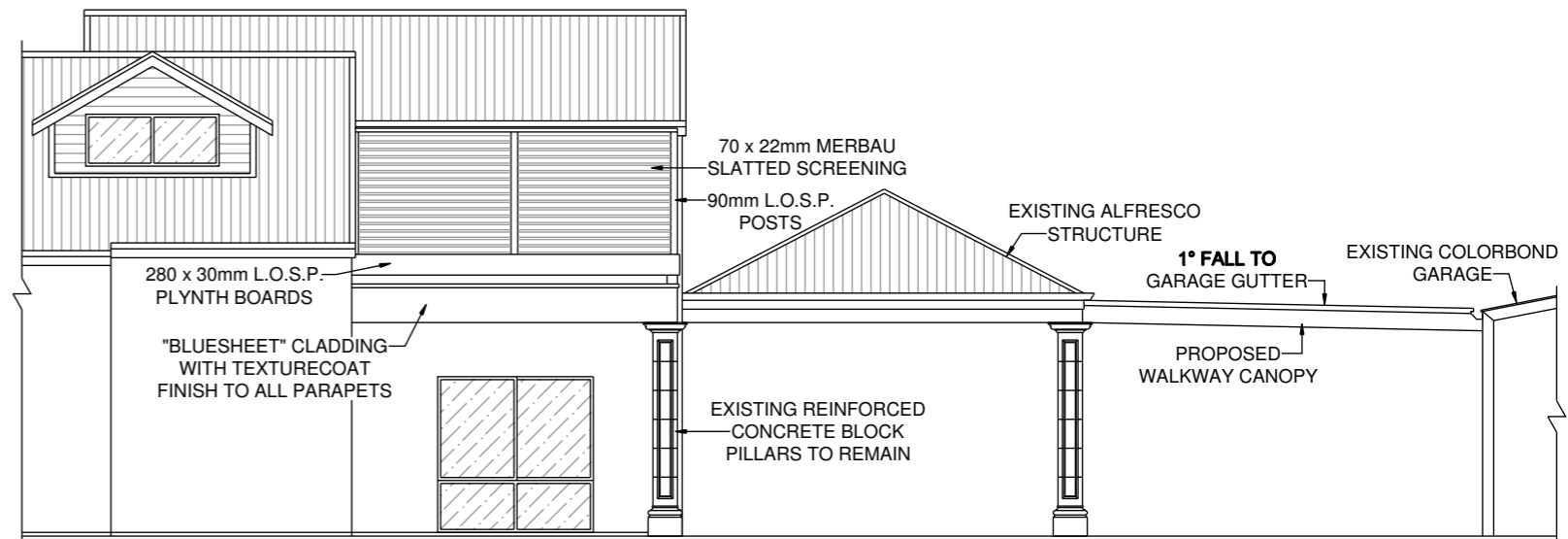
DETAIL-2 SCALE 1:20



DETAIL-1 SCALE 1:20



EASTERN ELEVATION SCALE 1:100



SOUTHERN ELEVATION SCALE 1:100

Application Summary

Application ID	21004823
Proposal	Dwelling addition comprising a verandah with balcony above, accessible via first floor
Location	34 GORDON ST GLENELG SA 5045

Representations

Representor 1 - John and Tamara Cowling

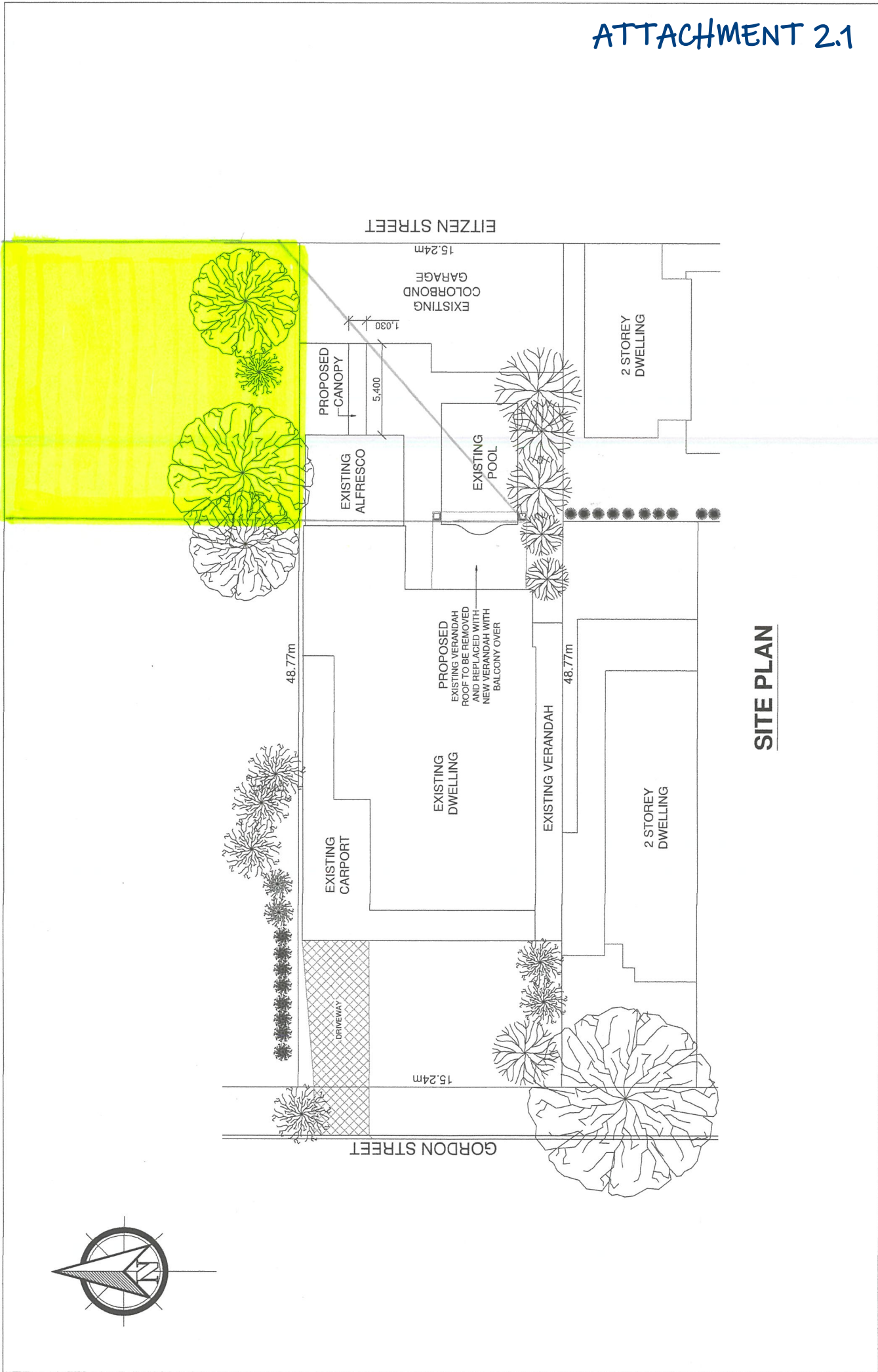
Name	John and Tamara Cowling
Address	36 Gordon Street GLENELG SA, 5045 Australia
Phone Number	+61408857415
Email Address	tam27@adam.com.au
Submission Date	07/06/2022 09:42 PM
Submission Source	Online
Late Submission	No
Would you like to talk to your representation at the decision-making hearing for this development?	Yes
My position is	I support the development with some concerns

Reasons

Line of site on balcony overseas a large amount of our property, There are no trees on our property as marked on these plans. We are in the process of designing a pool and already have over looking issues. We don't oppose balcony but will need to address screening and overlooking issues. Overlooking issues into our backyard is unacceptable for privacy issues and need to be addressed

Attached Documents

scan_tamarac_2022-06-07-09-53-41-1052878.pdf



SITE PLAN

34 GORDON STREET, GLENELG

© COPYRIGHT - Steve Perry Building Design
THIS PLAN MUST NOT BE REPRODUCED,
COPIED (IN PART OR IN FULL) OR DISTRIBUTED
WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM
STEVE PERRY BUILDING DESIGN

Representations

ATTACHMENT 2.2

Representor 2 - Jonathan Parrington

Name	Jonathan Parrington
Address	23 Rose Street GLENELG SA, 5045 Australia
Phone Number	0455 566378
Email Address	parrjon5@gmail.com
Submission Date	14/06/2022 11:21 AM
Submission Source	Online
Late Submission	No
Would you like to talk to your representation at the decision-making hearing for this development?	Yes
My position is	I support the development with some concerns
Reasons	I am worried that people on the proposed balcony will be able to look straight into my main living room/kitchen. The open plan design has glass double doors. They would also look directly into my backyard. Would the owner consider putting in a 1.7 to 2 metre high screen on the front of the proposed balcony to block this view of my property?

Attached Documents

24th June 2022

Attn: Dean Spasic

Hi Dean,

I have reviewed the representations provided by both, J. & T. Cowling of 36 Gordon Street and J. Parrington of 23 Rose Street.

This balcony will present absolutely NO overlooking issues to either of these properties.

See photos attached to support this.

Kind regards

Steve Perry
Steve Perry Building Design
7 Broughton Place, Greenwith S.A. 5125
Email: steve@steveperry.com.au
Phone: 0427 551 615

ATTACHMENT 3.1







view looking south-east

